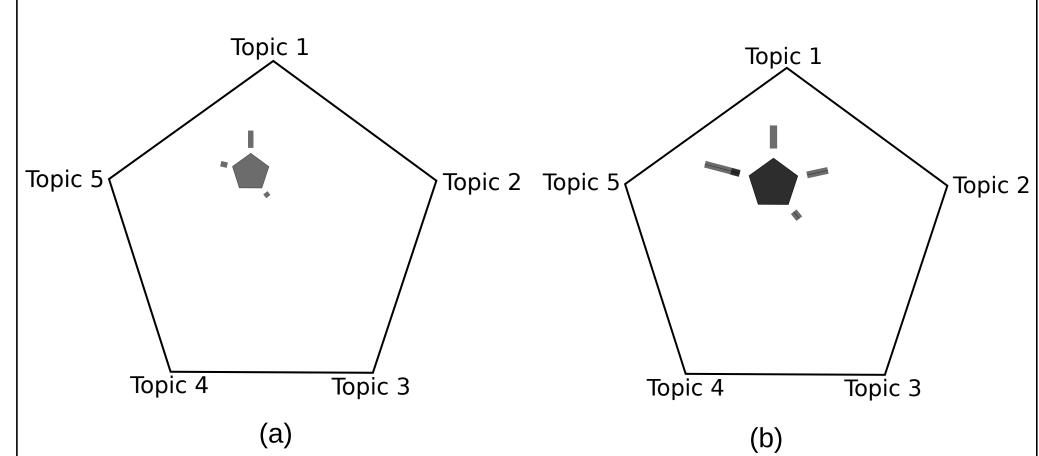
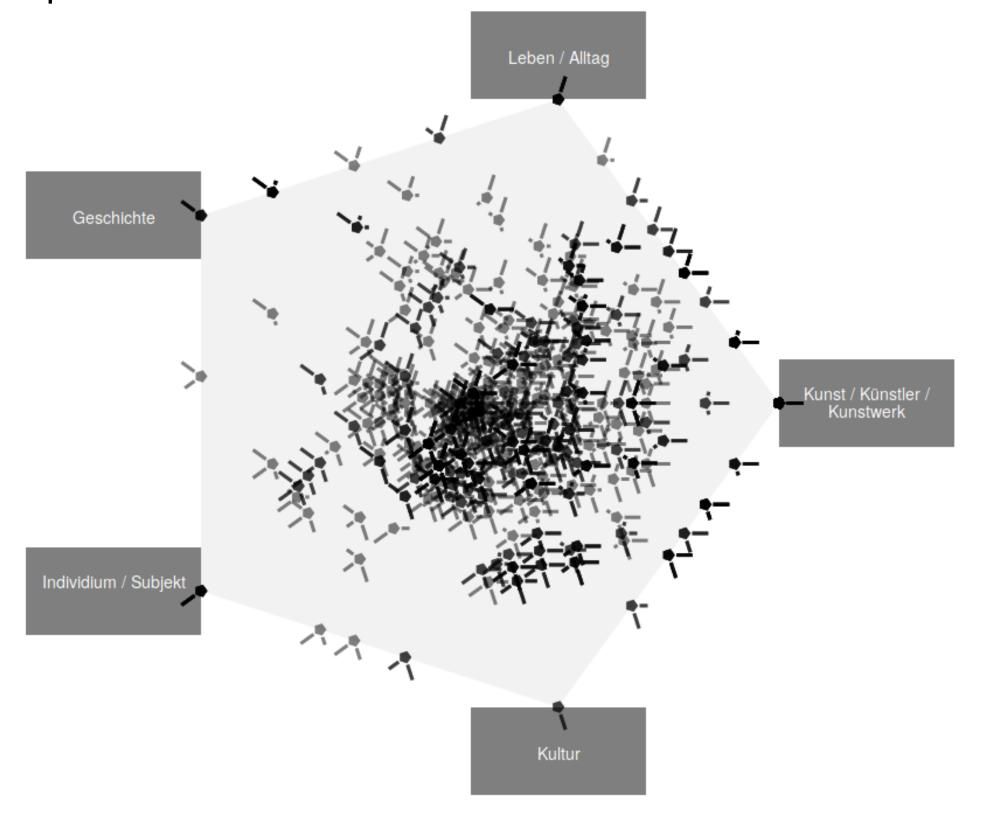
# Improving Barycentric Embeddings of Topic Spaces

Dora Kiesel, Patrick Riehmann, Fan Fan, Yamen Ajjour, Henning Wachsmuth, Benno Stein, Bernd Froehlich

# Background

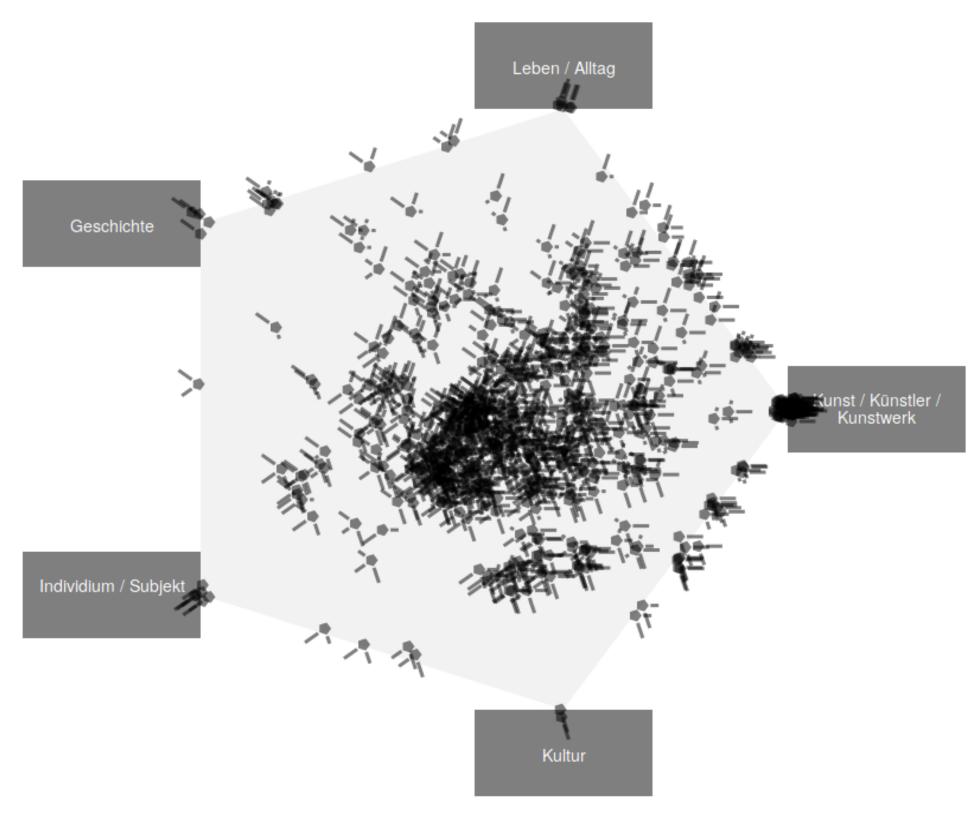


Glyphs design: (a) Using spikes as topic hints as in [1] for a single document. (b) Overplotting of spikes of two documents.



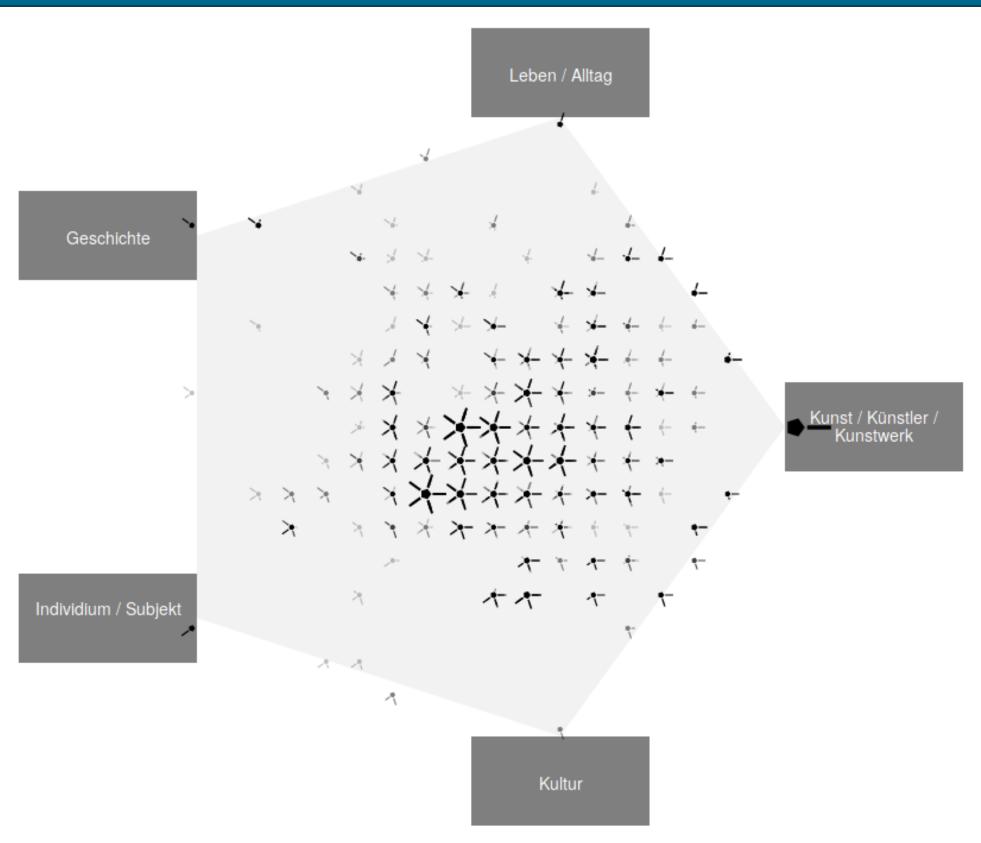
The regular barycentric embedding as in [1]: The glyphs show one spike for each related topic which causes a lot of visual clutter and overplotting in the center of the visualization.

### Reducing Overplotting: Jittering



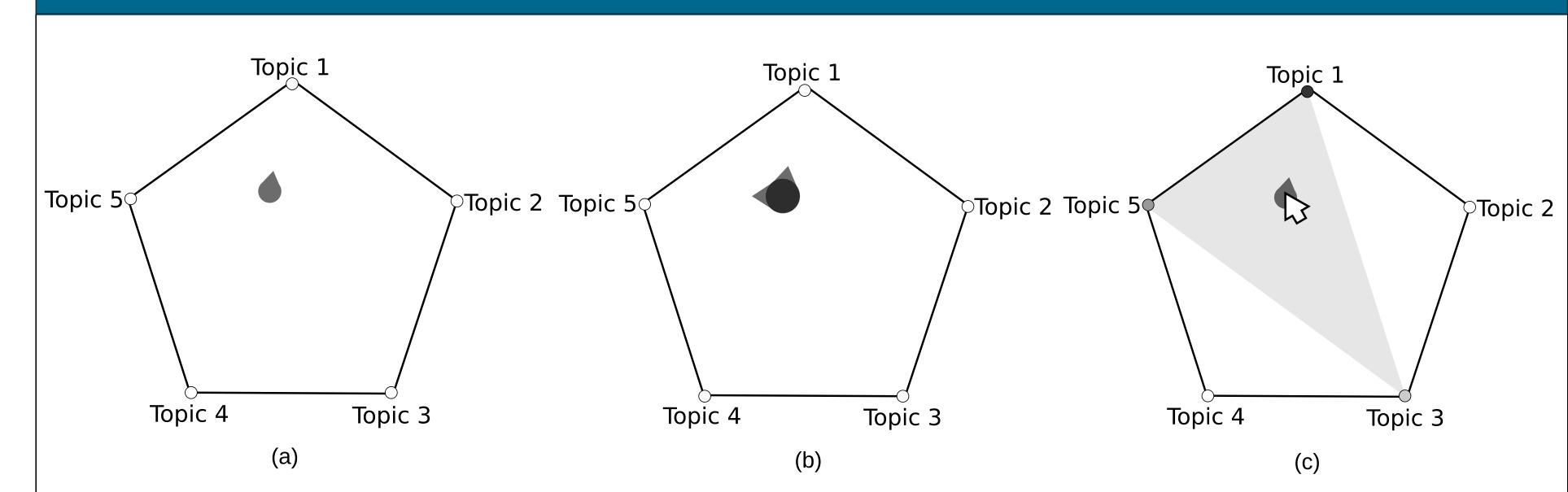
Introducing jitter provides an impression of the actual number of documents.

## Reducing Visual Clutter: Grid



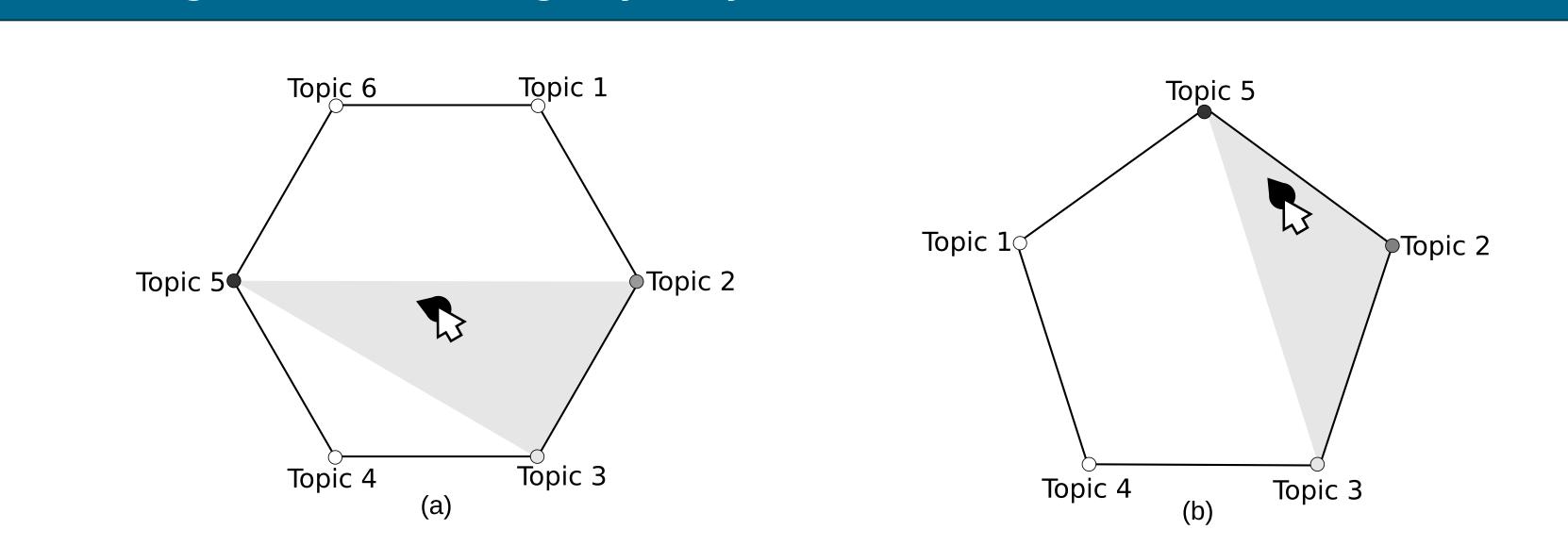
Using a grid and aggregating glyphs leads to a tidier display without overlaps.

# Reducing Position Ambiguity: Reduced Glyph Design



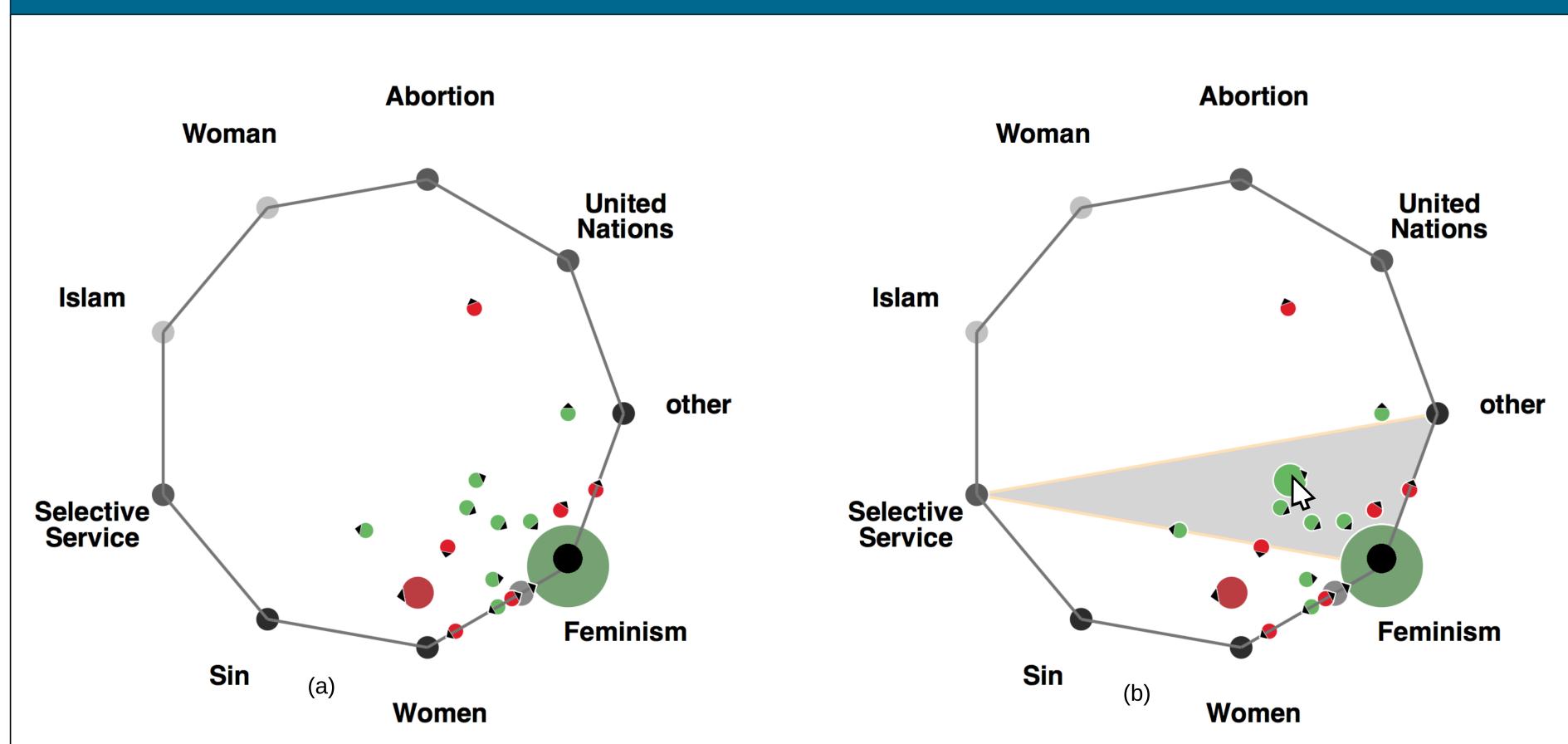
The reduced glyph design encodes only the most prominent topic: (a) Single document. (b) Aggregation of two documents. (c) Hovering reveals a polygon connecting all relevant topics.

# Reducing Position Ambiguity: Layout Guidelines



Two topic space layouts showing the same document: (a) Non-Optimized: the two most prominent topics are placed directly opposing each other. Therefore, the document is placed almost in the center. (b) Optimized: Using odd numbers of topics avoids a layout of directly opposed placement of topics. Additionally, placing related topics adjacent to each other pulls the document off the center of the visualization.

# Use Case: Argument Search Interface



Interactive visualization of an argument search engine [2] (https://args.me): (a) Visualisation of the results of the query "feminism", showing the eight most prominent topics of the results plus the "other" topic – a summarization of all other. The color displays the stance as pro •, contra•, and neither•. The glyphs' sizes indicate the number of arguments being represented. (b) Hovering over an argument displays a magnified version of the glyph as well as a polygon for emphasizing all topics that influenced its position.

### References:

- [1] P. Riehmann, D. Kiesel, M. Kohlhaas, and B. Froehlich. Visualizing a thinker's life.
- IEEE Transactions on Visualization and Computer Graphics, 2018. doi: 10.1109/TVCG.2018.2824822
- [2] H. Wachsmuth, M. Potthast, K. Al-Khatib, Y. Ajjour, J. Puschmann, J. Qu, J. Dorsch, V. Morari, J. Bevendorff, and B. Stein. Building an Argument Search Engine for the Web. In Proceedings of the Fourth Workshop on Argument Mining (ArgMining 17), 2017. doi: 10.18653/v1/W17-5106

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