Corpus and Evaluation Measures for Automatic Plagiarism Detection

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Outline

Introduction

PAN-PC-09 Plagiarism Corpus

Evaluation Measures

PAN Competition

Final Remarks





Introduction

Text reuse

The reuse (even after modification) of text.

(from [Clough et al., 2002], [IEEE, 2008], and [Bierce, 1911])



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Plagiarism

 the reuse of someone else's prior ideas, processes, results, or words without explicitly acknowledging the original author and source

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Text reuse

The reuse (even after modification) of text.

Plagiarism

- the reuse of someone else's prior ideas, processes, results, or words without explicitly acknowledging the original author and source
- to take the thought or style of another writer whom one has never, never read

(from [Clough et al., 2002], [IEEE, 2008], and [Bierce, 1911])



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- 2009 Wikipedia, is considered a preferred source for plagiarists [Martínez, 2009]





Introduction: Automatic Plagiarism Detection

Goal Identifying the plagiarized sections in a suspicious document d_q .



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- Objective Providing experts with evidence to decide whether a case of plagiarism is at hand.





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Objective Providing experts with evidence to decide whether a case of plagiarism is at hand.

Approaches

- intrinsic
- external





Introduction: Intrinsic Plagiarism Detection



An expert is often able to detect plagiarism by reading a document

Insertion of text from a different author into d_a causes style and complexity irregularities

[Meyer zu Eißen and Stein, 2006], [Stamatatos, 2009]



Introduction: Intrinsic Plagiarism Detection



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Insertion of text from a different author into d_q causes **style** and **complexity** irregularities

Quantification can be made by measuring...

Text readability
Vocabulary richness
Basic statistics

Basic statistics n-grams profiles Gunning Fog, Flesch-Kincaid

types/tokens ratio

avg. sentence length, avg. word length

character level statistics

[Meyer zu Eißen and Stein, 2006], [Stamatatos, 2009]





Better evidence than style irregularities is if the source of plagiarism case can be provided

It is closer to information retrieval

[Potthast et al., 2009]





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It is closer to information retrieval

 d_q and a collection of potential source documents D are given. The task is to identify the plagiarized sections in d_q (if there are any), and their respective source sections in D

[Potthast et al., 2009]





Better evidence than style irregularities is if the source of plagiarism case can be provided

It is closer to information retrieval

Issues render this task difficult

- Number of potential source documents, |D|;
- Plagiarizing a text often includes paraphrasing, summarizing, and even translation.





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Models

Vector Space Models Fingerprinting techniques [Broder, 1997], [Maurer et al., 2006] SPEX [Bernstein and Zobel, 2004], Winnowing [Schleimer et al., 2003]

Plagiarism implies an ethical issue





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- Nobody would like to be included in a corpus containing plagiarism!
- Properly anonymizing actual cases of plagiarism is a hard task
- No standard evaluation measures have been previously defined
- Evaluations use to be incomparable and often not even reproducible.





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PAN-PC-09

"A newly developed large-scale corpus of artificial plagiarism"

- 41 223 documents
- 94 202 artificial plagiarism cases

http://www.webis.de/research/corpora





PAN-PC-09

"A newly developed large-scale corpus of artificial plagiarism"

- 41 223 documents
- 94 202 artificial plagiarism cases
- It includes cases for intrinsic and external detection methods

http://www.webis.de/research/corpora





Document Length

■ 50% short: 1-10 pages

■ 35% medium: 10-100 pages

■ 15% large: 100-1000 pages





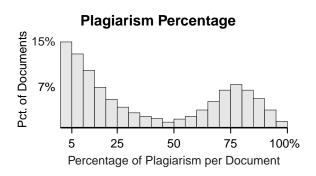
Document Length

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Suspicious-to-Source Ratio

- lacksquare 50% are designated as suspicious documents D_q
- 50% are designated as source documents D





• 50% of D_q contain no plagiarism at all



Cases Length

- 250–750 chars; ~50–150 words
- 1500–5000 chars; ~300–1000 words
- 15000–25000 chars; ~3000-5000 words





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Plagiarism Languages

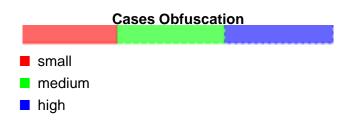
- 90% are monolingual English plagiarism
- 10% are cross-language plagiarism (German or Spanish into English)

Cases Obfuscation

- small
- medium
- high

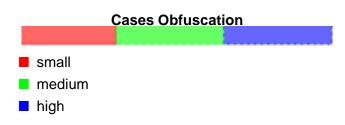






Paraphrasing, summarization, etc. is simulated by...





Paraphrasing, summarization, etc. is simulated by...

- shuffling, removing, inserting short phrases
- replacing semantically related words
- POS preserving shuffling





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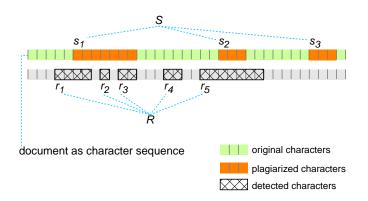
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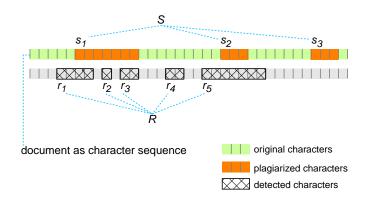








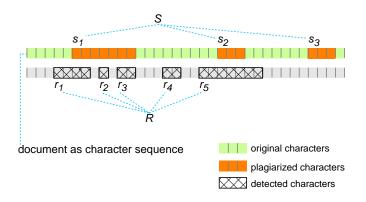




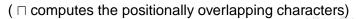
$$rec_{PDA}(S,R) = \frac{1}{|S|} \sum_{s \in S} \frac{|s \sqcap \bigcup_{r \in R} r|}{|s|}$$



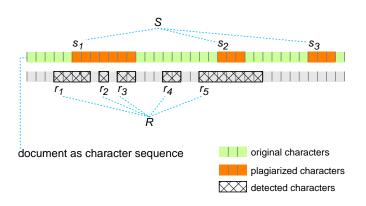




$$prec_{PDA}(S,R) = \frac{1}{|R|} \sum_{r \in R} \frac{|r \cap \bigcup_{s \in S} s|}{|r|}$$





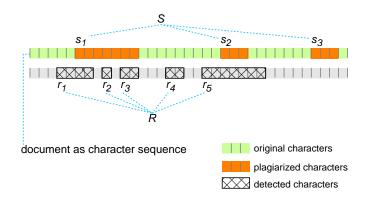


$$gran_{PDA}(S,R) = \frac{1}{|S_R|} \sum_{s \in S_R} |C_s| \quad \in [1,|R|]$$

$$C_s = \{r \mid r \in R \land s \cap r \neq \emptyset\}$$

$$S_R = \{s \mid s \in S \land \exists r \in R : s \cap r \neq \emptyset\}$$





$$overall_{PDA}(S, R) = \frac{F}{\log_2(1 + gran_{PDA})}$$





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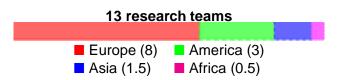
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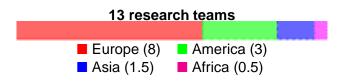
1st Intl. Competition on Plagiarism Detection



 $http://www.webis.de/research/workshopseries/pan-09/competition.html \\ http://ceur-ws.org/Vol-502$



1st Intl. Competition on Plagiarism Detection



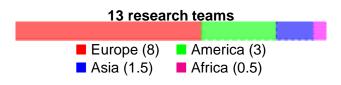
Intrinsic Approaches (4 teams)

Participant	Analyzed features
Stamatatos	character n-grams
Zechner, Muhr, Kern, Granitzer	word freq. class + text frequencies
Seaward, Matwin	Kolmogorov complexity measures

 $http://www.webis.de/research/workshopseries/pan-09/competition.html \\ http://ceur-ws.org/Vol-502$



1st Intl. Competition on Plagiarism Detection



External Approaches (10 teams)

Participant	Comparison units
Grozea, Gehl, Popescu	character n-grams
Kasprzak, Brandejs, Kripac	word n -grams
Basile, Benedetto, Caglioti, Degli Esposti	length n -grams

http://www.webis.de/research/workshopseries/pan-09/competition.html http://ceur-ws.org/Vol-502



2nd Intl. Competition on Plagiarism Detection







2nd Intl. Competition on Plagiarism Detection





- PAN-PC-09 corpus → PAN 2010 training corpus
- PAN 2010 test corpus composed of around 40,000 documents



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Final Remarks

 First standardized corpus dedicated to the evaluation of automatic plagiarism detection





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 First standardized corpus dedicated to the evaluation of automatic plagiarism detection

 New performance measures to evaluate plagiarism detection have been proposed



Final Remarks

 First standardized corpus dedicated to the evaluation of automatic plagiarism detection

 New performance measures to evaluate plagiarism detection have been proposed

Two weeks to submit detections for PAN 2010's competition!





Thank you!

http://pan.webis.de

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Telepolis



