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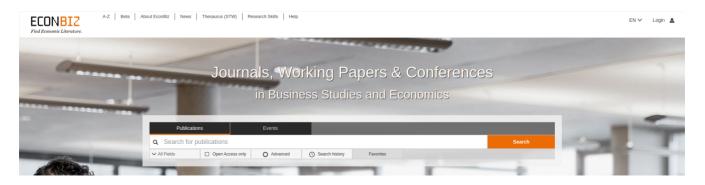
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webis.de

Assessing Query Suggestions for Search Session Simulation The SINIR Project

- □ SINIR: Simulating Interactive Information Retrieval
- □ Funded by DFG
- Development of a simulation framework to:
 - Assess changes to the retrieval system and UI of digital libraries
 - Analyze the cost/gain impact of changes on (simulated) users
- □ Without having to implement changes to a live system
- □ In cooperation with ZBW (econbiz) and University of Passau



Assessing Query Suggestions for Search Session Simulation SINIR - Motivation (1)

- Web search engines and digital libraries have a lot in common But: significant differences for development and evaluation
- Evaluating changes to web search engines
 Implement the changes
 A/B testing with part of the large user base
- Evaluating changes to digital libraries
 Fewer human resources for development
 No large user base to run A/B tests on

Solutions

Models of changed systems instead of implementations Increase user base by simulating users

Assessing Query Suggestions for Search Session Simulation SINIR - Motivation (2)

- If no sufficient user base is available, simulated users can be utilized to evaluate a search engine
- □ Simulated user has to:
 - Solve a task (find information/document)
 - Interact with an IR system
 - Work on unseen data
- □ Formulating queries is part of an authentic user model

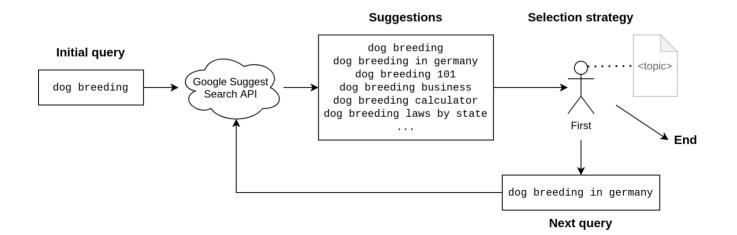
Our Research Question in this Paper

- □ Most search engines will provide suggestions or autocompletion
- □ Users are influenced by those suggestions
- □ Search suggestions are built upon user queries
- □ Users use suggestions to formulate their queries

Can we create authentic sessions from suggestions only?

□ For this talk: session = multiple queries on a given topic (no interaction, etc.)

- Given an initial query, mine search suggestions from the Google Suggest Search API (up to 10)
- Using different strategies, choose one of the suggestions as next query or end the session
- Optional: utilize the topic description provided in the selection process



- Data sources: real sessions from
 - TREC 2014 Session track
 - Webis-SMC-12 dataset
- Inter-query times sampled from Webis-SMC-12 dataset
 - Will be used to generate timestamps in the session
 - Max. 20 minutes after removal of outliers

Assessing Query Suggestions for Search Session Simulation Suggestion Selection Strategies

- **First suggestion**
- **Random suggestion**
- Three word queries (based on "Session Strategy S3 [Keskustalo et al. 2009])
 - □ Initial query forms the basis
 - In each step, combined with one of the tf-idf-wise top-10 keywords from the topic description
 - □ Check whether generated query exist in the suggestions
- **General rules**
 - □ Max. 5 queries per session
 - Unique queries only
 - Terminate, if no suggestions are available

Automatic session detection

Run session detection approach [Hagen et al. 2013] to identify whether consecutive queries belong to the same information need

Human authenticity assessment

- □ All sessions in one pool
- □ Manually assess each session as "real" or "simulated"

Human topicality assessment

 Manually label a session as "on topic", when at least one query addresses at least one information need from the topic description

Evaluation: Automatic Session Detection (1)

Strategy	Sessions	Splits	(%)
First suggestion*	64	1	1.6
Random suggestion*	65	2	3.1
Three word queries	20	0	0.0
TREC 2014 Session Tra	ck 1257	142	11.3
Webis-SMC-12	2882	217	7.5

(* one-query sessions were removed)

- Number of simulated or real sessions actually split by the session detection
- □ More splits = more query pairs seem to be unrelated
- □ More splits in real sessions, as human users are less predictable

Evaluation: Automatic Session Detection (2)

Query String	Time	Split
Good split		
well im writing it down but i'll scribble it out lyrics	19:40:23	True
pictures in exhibition lyrics	19:57:21	False
Bad split		
HIV CHARITIES IN AFRICA	04:39:35	True
hiv charities africa	04:42:26	False

- □ Split marks the last query in a session
- □ Should be triggered by topic changes or timing
- □ False triggers: rephrasing, syntactic changes

Evaluation: Manual Assessment of "Realism"

Strategy	Sessions	Real	Simulated	"Real" (%)
First suggestion*	64	62	2	96.9
Random suggestion*	65	62	3	95.4
Three word queries	20	17	3	85.0
TREC 2014 Session Tra	.ck 50	49	1	98.0
Webis-SMC-12	50	50	0	100.0

(* one-query sessions were removed)

- Manual judgments for all sessions whether they are simulated or real
- Majority judged as "real", even in the simulated group
- "Real" in the upper group and "simulated" in the lower group indicate cases where the judge was mislead

Evaluation: Manual Assessment of Topicality

Strategy	Sessions	On Topic	(%)
First suggestion*	64	21	32.8
Random suggestion*	65	20	30.8
Three word queries	20	20	100.0

(* one-query sessions were removed)

 Number of simulated sessions judged as "on topic" with respect to the TREC topic description

Evaluation: Example of a Well-formed Simulated Session

Query String	Time
air conditioning alternatives	15:05:53
air conditioning alternatives car	15:10:22
no air conditioning in car alternatives	15:11:07
how can i keep my car cool without ac	15:15:28
ways to keep car cool without ac	15:21:16

Strategy: First suggestion

- Does look convincing to a human eye
 - Original query rephrased
 - ac abbreviation used

Evaluation: Example of a Rather Odd Simulated Session

Query String	Time
air conditioning alternatives	17:31:54
no air conditioning alternatives	17:32:27
what to use instead of ac	17:36:28
what to use instead of activator	17:45:42
what can i use instead of activator for nails	17:51:03
how to make nail activator	17:53:26

Strategy: Random suggestion

- Does look odd to a human eye
 - Quick topic drift from air conditioning to nail care
 - Cause: completion of ac to activator

- □ We evaluated how authentic sessions simulated via query suggestions are
- Both human assessment and automatic session detection are unable to distinguish suggestion-based sessions from real ones
- Authenticity does not appear to be a main issue
- □ Issues for suggestions-based session simulation:
 - Small number of suggestions for each topic
 - Staying on topic

Data independence

- □ (Few) suggestions limit the flexibility and applicability
- Instead: query modifications that use language models

Influence on the topic

- □ Necessary for accurate session simulation
- □ Which part of the model makes these decisions?

User types and editing

- Follow known editing patterns
- Replicate queries that are typical for specific user groups or tasks

Data independence

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Thank you!